

Geotechnical Investigation Report

CLIENT: JABEZ PROJECTS, INC.



Location:

ADWEMADOR

Subject:

**GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR A PROPOSED
3NO 5-STORY CLASSROOM BLOCK AND
5-STORY ADMINISTRATION BLOCK**

Prepared by:

Engr. Samora Okoe (MSc, MEng, BEng, BSc, LLb)

Date:

APRIL, 2022

2.5 Geology

The geology of the region can be divided into three distinct i.e. Accraian, Togo and Dahomeyan series known as Accra formation. The Accraian series belong to the Devonian age are sedimentary deposits, and consists of upper interbedded sandstone and Shale, Middle clay shale and lower sandstone. The Togo series belong to the Upper Middle Precambrian age and consists of Quartzite, Shale and Phyllites. The Dahomeyan system belong to the middle Precambrian age and consists mainly of acid and basic horn blends Gneiss, Quartz mica schist, Muscovite-biotite gneiss and Biotite gneiss.

The project site is underlain by rocks belonging to the Dahomeyan series of early to Middle Precambrian age

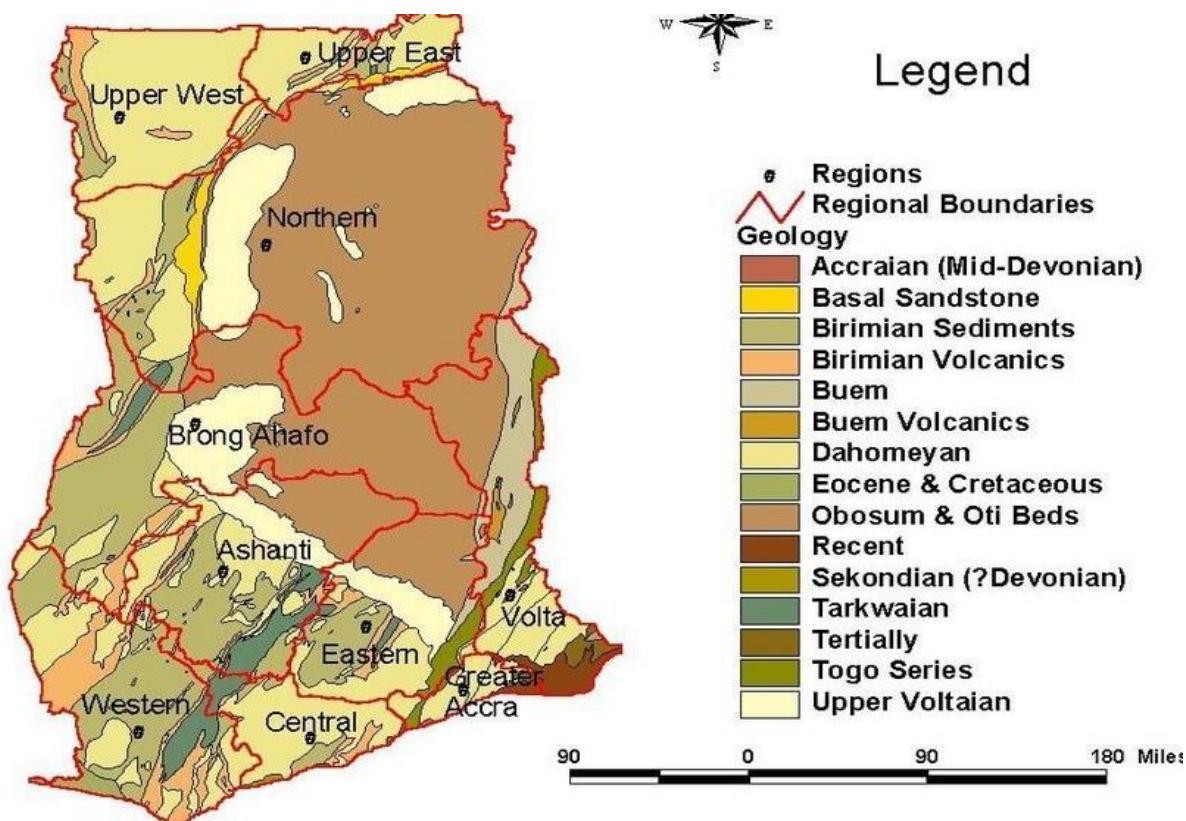


Fig 2: Geological Map of Ghana.

	ZONE 4	ZONE 3	ZONE 2
Max. Intensity (Imm)	IX	VII	V
Max. Magnitude (MI)	6.5	6.5	6.5
Average Epicentral Distance (R)	20km	40km	100km
Peak Ground Acceleration (a)	347cm/sec	112cm/sec	32cm/sec
a/g	0.35	0.12	0.03

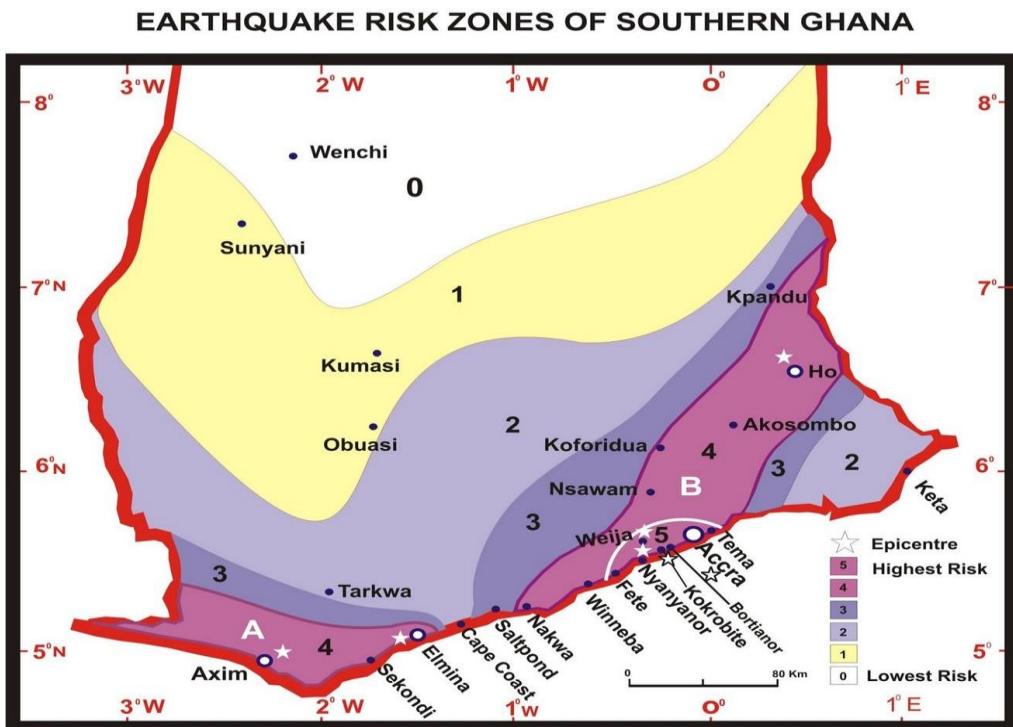


Fig 3: Earthquake Zones of Southern Ghana.

This suffices to state that, Project location qualifies within the Zone 4, or having a value of horizontal ground acceleration with peak ground acceleration of 347cm/sec.

Location	PGA values (g)		Anno. /1990	CSDGS (BRRI 1990)
	Present study	Previous studies		
Accra	0.20	0.14–0.57	0.15	0.08–0.16
		Amponsah et al. (2009)	Kumapley (1996)	GSHAP
Weija (Accra-West)	0.20	0.2	0.15	0.08
Ho	0.10		0.10 Kumapley (1996)	0.04
Cape Coast	0.026		0.15 Kumapley (1996)	0.02
			Anon. (1988)	

Table 2: PGA Values of Southern Ghana.

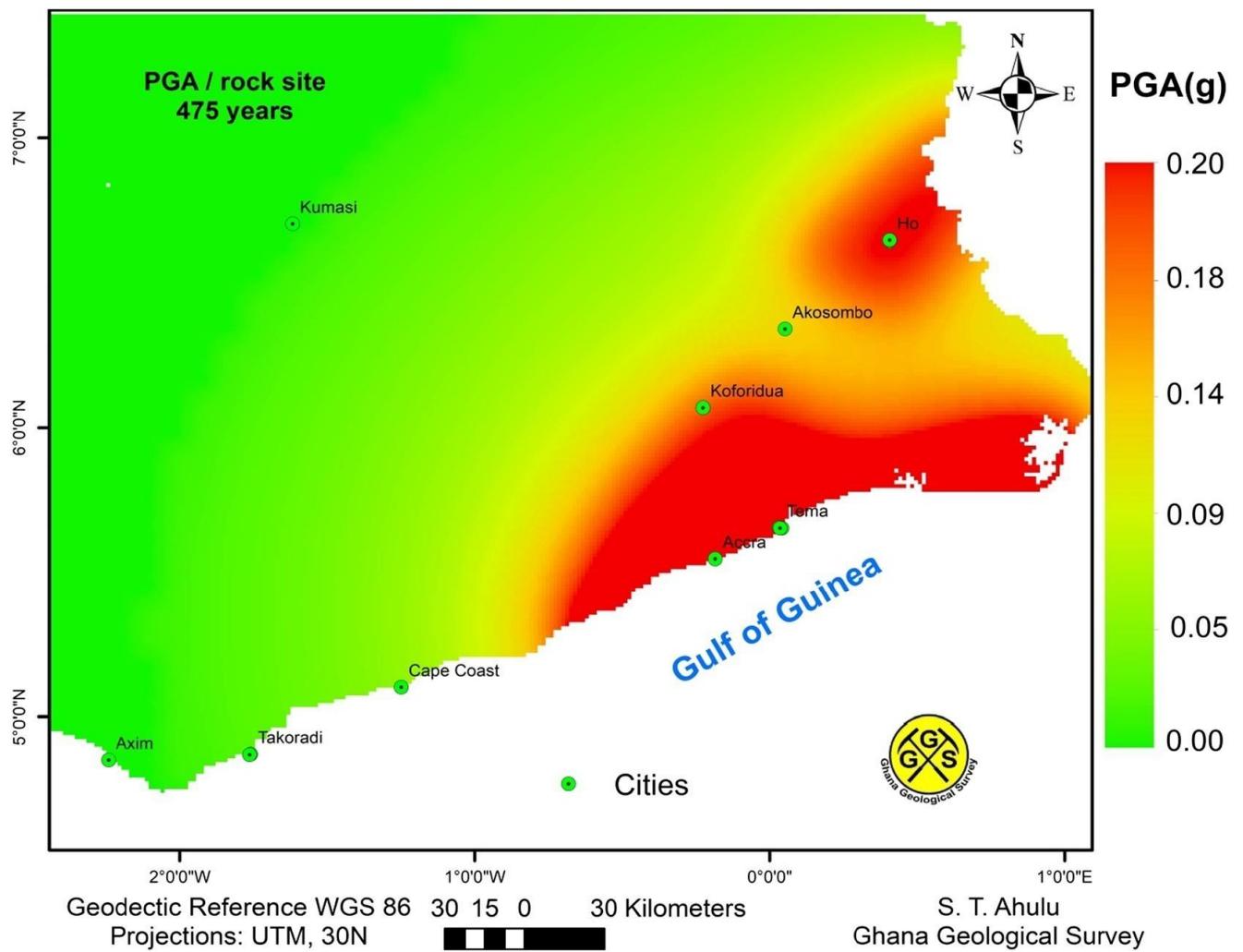


Fig 4; Earthquake Zones of Southern Ghana.

However, from the table and figure above by Sylvanus T. Ahulus; Sylvester Kojo Danuor; Daniel K. Asiedu , Probabilistic hazard assessment of Southern Part of Ghana, PGA value of 0.2g for Accra and Tema corresponds to probability of such events occurring to 0.1, and is expected to be exceeded with probabilities of 10, 30 and 60% in 10, 50 and 100 years respectively. Thus, the probability of occurrence of such a likely B scenario earthquake is moderate. In the same vein, if Accra and Tema zones are likely to experience 0.2 g every 10 years, then it means the acceleration to 475 years is high, and therefore Accra and Tema is a highly hazard zone.

The number of blows required for the cone to penetrate 10cm into the ground was recorded for various depths. The test was terminated when the number of blows required for the cone to penetrate 10cm exceeds 50 blows. The blow count per 10cm penetration are converted to soil resistance (kN/m^2) or (Kpa).

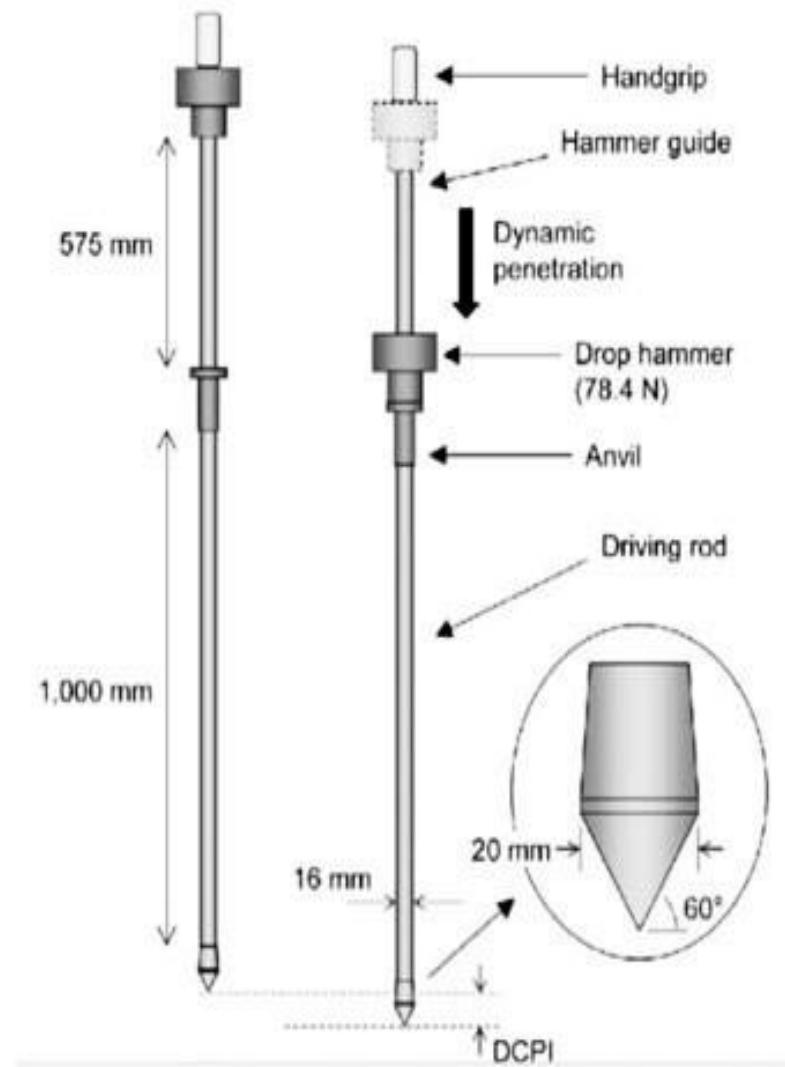


Fig 5: DCPT Equipment.

The cone penetrometer was used to probe at four test points in the vicinity of the proposed development at the discretion of the supervising structural engineer. (See the appendix B of this report for the test points).

	—	
0	40	25
5	50	25
2.0	50	25
2.5	120	25
3.0	300	25
3.5	500	25

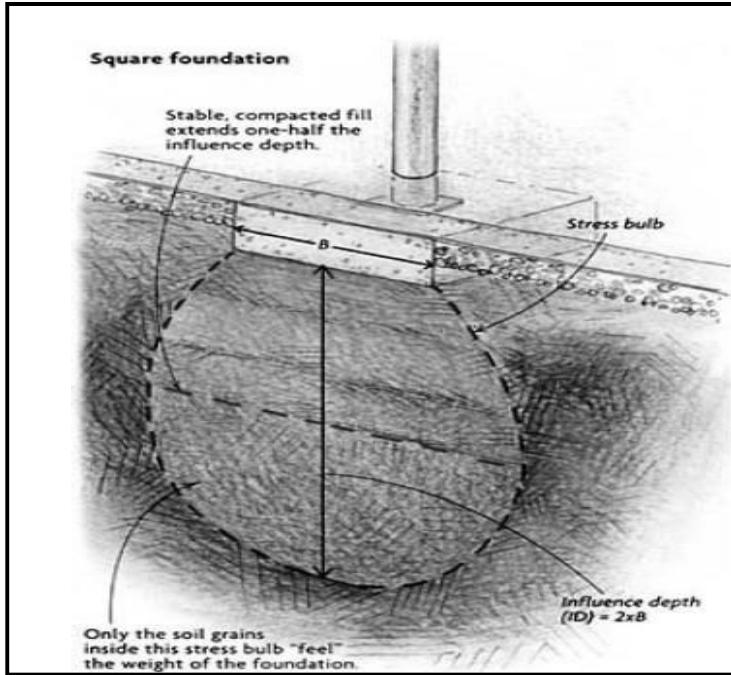


Fig 6: Foundation showing concentration of stress bulb

In the event whereby conventional pad and column style of foundation is to be used, we recommend that ground beams be incorporated to mitigate the probability of any long-term differential settlement and lateral movements of the individual pads.

Although the site is regarded as an area with low frequency of earthquake, it is advisable to design the foundation against possible earth movements. It is recommended that in the structural analysis of the structure against earth movement a horizontal ground acceleration of 0.2g be used. (g is acceleration due to gravity; 9.81m/s^2).

4.7 Excavation and Shoring

In accordance with Ref. [21], upper-surficial soils on the project site can be classified to range between Type A & B soils. Ref. [21] sets the maximum allowable slope for Type B soils with a maximum depth of 3 m to be 45° . Maximum allowable slopes for the proposed excavation for the structures should thus be 45° , or 1:1 (H:V). In cases where cut slopes are considered to be unstable, some form of shoring should be provided, or flatter slopes should be used.

Degree of Expansiveness	Differential Free Swell (DFS) (%)
Low	Less than 20
Moderate	20-35
High	35-50
Very High	Greater than 50

THE DCP TEST



GOOGLE MAP LOCATION



PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT



Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STOREY SCHOOL				Date	26-Mar-22
Project Location:	ADWEMADUO				Coordinates	
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH					
Engineer:						
Site ID:						
DCPT 1		Penetration Index (DPI)	Bearing Capacity	Equivalent CBR		
Depth (cm)	Blows	mm/blow	kN/m ²	%		
0	0	0.0	0	0		
10	8	12.5	240	17		
20	6	16.7	180	13		
30	8	12.5	240	17		
40	2	50.0	60	4		
50	10	10.0	300	22		
60	3	33.3	90	6		
70	14	7.1	420	32		
80	14	7.1	420	32		
90	6	16.7	180	13		
100	9	11.1	270	20		
110	11	9.1	330	25		
120	16	6.3	480	37		
130	11	9.1	330	25		
140	6	16.7	180	13		
150	6	16.7	180	13		
160	6	16.7	180	13		
170	8	12.5	240	17		
180	11	9.1	330	25		
190	12	8.3	360	27		
200	12	8.3	360	27		
210	15	6.7	450	35		
220	23	4.3	690	56		
230	25	4.0	750	62		
240	28	3.6	840	70		
250	30	3.3	900	76		
260	30	3.3	900	76		
270	36	2.8	1080	93		
280	38	2.6	1140	99		
290	38	2.6	1140	99		
300	41	2.4	1230	108		
310	42	2.4	1260	111		
320	44	2.3	1320	116		
330	45	2.2	1350	119		
340	47	2.1	1410	125		
350	47	2.1	1410	125		
360	49	2.0	1470	131		
370	50	2.0	1500	134		

Correlation Between DCP and CBR

Log (CBR) = $2.465 - 1.12 \log (\text{DPI})$

simplified:	CBR =	292	
		DPI ^{1.12}	
			APPROVED BY: _____

DCPT # 1

Bearing Capacity in KN/m²

Depth(cm)

Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STORY SCHOOL BUILDING				Date	26-Mar-22
Project Location:	ADWENADOR				Project No.	
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH				Coordinates	
Engineer:						
Site ID:						
DCPT 2		Penetration Index (DPI)	Bearing Capacity	Equivalent CBR		
Depth (cm)	Blows	mm/blow	kN/m ²	%		
0	0	0.0	0	0		
10	15	6.7	450	35		
20	8	12.5	240	17		
30	11	9.1	330	25		
40	5	20.0	150	10		
50	3	33.3	90	6		
60	3	33.3	90	6		
70	3	33.3	90	6		
80	2	50.0	60	4		
90	4	25.0	120	8		
100	4	25.0	120	8		
110	5	20.0	150	10		
120	7	14.3	210	15		
130	10	10.0	300	22		
140	14	7.1	420	32		
150	17	5.9	510	40		
160	20	5.0	600	48		
170	23	4.3	690	56		
180	24	4.2	720	59		
190	25	4.0	750	62		
200	29	3.4	870	73		
210	34	2.9	1020	87		
220	28	3.6	840	70		
230	37	2.7	1110	96		
240	39	2.6	1170	102		
250	41	2.4	1230	108		
260	43	2.3	1290	113		
270	45	2.2	1350	119		
280	47	2.1	1410	125		
290	48	2.1	1440	128		
300	50	2.0	1500	134		

DCPT # 2

Bearing Capacity in KN/m²

Depth (m)	Bearing Capacity (KN/m ²)
0	450
10	450
20	240
30	330
40	150
50	90
60	90
70	90
80	60
90	120
100	120
110	150
120	210
130	300
140	420
150	510
160	600
170	690
180	720
190	750
200	870
210	1020
220	840
230	1110
240	1170
250	1230
260	1290
270	1350
280	1410
290	1440
300	1500

C orrelation Between DCP and CBR

Log (CBR) = 2.465 - 1.12 Log (DPI)

simplified: CBR = 292

DPI^{1/2}

A PPROVED BY:

Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STOREY SCHOOL BUILDING				Date	26-Mar-22
Project Location:	ADWEMADOR				Project No.	0
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH				Coordinates	
Engineer:						
Site ID:						
DCPT 3		Penetration Index (DPI)	Bearing Capacity	Equivalent CBR		
Depth (cm)	Blows	mm/blow	kN/m ²	%		
0	0	0.0	0	0		
10	6	16.7	180	13		
20	6	16.7	180	13		
30	6	16.7	180	13		
40	9	11.1	270	20		
50	8	12.5	240	17		
60	7	14.3	210	15		
70	6	16.7	180	13		
80	5	20.0	150	10		
90	8	12.5	240	17		
100	8	12.5	240	17		
110	11	9.1	330	25		
120	9	11.1	270	20		
130	9	11.1	270	20		
140	12	8.3	360	27		
150	15	6.7	450	35		
160	21	4.8	630	51		
170	22	4.5	660	54		
180	25	4.0	750	62		
190	27	3.7	810	67		
200	28	3.6	840	70		
210	29	3.4	870	73		
220	31	3.2	930	79		
230	31	3.2	930	79		
240	31	3.2	930	79		
250	33	3.0	990	84		
260	35	2.9	1050	90		
270	37	2.7	1110	96		
280	39	2.6	1170	102		
290	40	2.5	1200	105		
300	41	2.4	1230	108		
310	41	2.4	1230	108		
320	43	2.3	1290	113		
330	44	2.3	1320	116		
340	45	2.2	1350	119		
350	46	2.2	1380	122		
360	48	2.1	1440	128		
370	48	2.1	1440	128		
380	49	2.0	1470	131		
390	50	2.0	1500	134		

DCPT 3

Bearing Capacity in KN/m²

Depth (cm)	Bearing Capacity (KN/m ²)
0	180
10	180
20	180
30	180
40	270
50	240
60	210
70	180
80	150
90	240
100	240
110	330
120	270
130	270
140	360
150	450
160	630
170	660
180	750
190	810
200	840
210	870
220	930
230	930
240	930
250	990
260	1050
270	1110
280	1170
290	1200
300	1230
310	1230
320	1290
330	1320
340	1350
350	1380
360	1440
370	1440
380	1470
390	1500

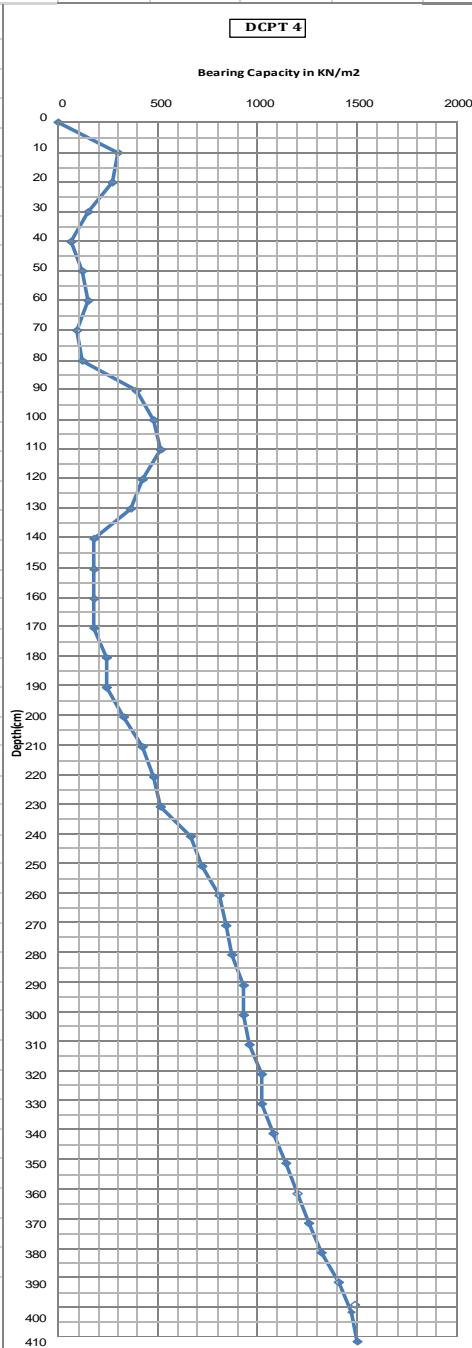
Correlation Between DCP and CBR

Log (CBR) = 2.465 - 1.12 Log (DPI)

<i>simplified:</i>	CBR =	292
		DPI ^{1.12}

APPROVED BY: _____

Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STORY SCHOOL BUILDING			Date	26-Mar-22
Project Location:	ADWEMADOR			Project No.	0
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH			Coordinates	
Engineer:					
Site ID:					
DCPT 4		Penetration Index (DPI)	Bearing Capacity	Equivalent CBR	
Depth (cm)	Blows	mm/blow	kN/m ²	%	
0	0	0.0	0	0	
10	10	10.0	300	22	
20	9	11.1	270	20	
30	5	20.0	150	10	
40	2	50.0	60	4	
50	4	25.0	120	8	
60	5	20.0	150	10	
70	3	33.3	90	6	
80	4	25.0	120	8	
90	13	7.7	390	30	
100	16	6.3	480	37	
110	17	5.9	510	40	
120	14	7.1	420	32	
130	12	8.3	360	27	
140	6	16.7	180	13	
150	6	16.7	180	13	
160	6	16.7	180	13	
170	6	16.7	180	13	
180	8	12.5	240	17	
190	8	12.5	240	17	
200	11	9.1	330	25	
210	14	7.1	420	32	
220	16	6.3	480	37	
230	17	5.9	510	40	
240	22	4.5	660	54	
250	24	4.2	720	59	
260	27	3.7	810	67	
270	28	3.6	840	70	
280	29	3.4	870	73	
290	31	3.2	930	79	
300	31	3.2	930	79	
310	32	3.1	960	81	
320	34	2.9	1020	87	
330	34	2.9	1020	87	
340	36	2.8	1080	93	
350	38	2.6	1140	99	
360	40	2.5	1200	105	
370	42	2.4	1260	111	
380	44	2.3	1320	116	
390	47	2.1	1410	125	
400	49	2.0	1470	131	
410	50	2.0	1500	134	



Correlation Between DCP and CBR

$$\log(CBR) = 2.465 - 1.12\log(DPI)$$

simplified:	CBR =	292
		DPI ^{1.12}

APPROVED BY:

Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STOREY SCHOOL BUILDING				Date	26-Mar-22
Project Location:	ADWEMADOR				Project No.:	0
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH				Coordinates	
Engineer:						
Site ID:						
DCPT 5		Penetration Index (DPI)	Bearing Capacity	Equivalent CBR		
Depth (cm)	Blows	mm/blow	kN/m²	%		
0	0	0.0	0	0		
10	9	11.1	270	20		
20	12	8.3	360	27		
30	15	6.7	450	35		
40	9	11.1	270	20		
50	7	14.3	210	15		
60	4	25.0	120	8		
70	3	33.3	90	6		
80	3	33.3	90	6		
90	4	25.0	120	8		
100	6	16.7	180	13		
110	8	12.5	240	17		
120	11	9.1	330	25		
130	13	7.7	390	30		
140	14	7.1	420	32		
150	9	11.1	270	20		
160	9	11.1	270	20		
170	11	9.1	330	25		
180	12	8.3	360	27		
190	14	7.1	420	32		
200	14	7.1	420	32		
210	14	7.1	420	32		
220	15	6.7	450	35		
230	17	5.9	510	40		
240	19	5.3	570	45		
250	21	4.8	630	51		
260	24	4.2	720	59		
270	26	3.8	780	65		
280	29	3.4	870	73		
290	30	3.3	900	76		
300	32	3.1	960	81		
310	32	3.1	960	81		
320	33	3.0	990	84		
330	35	2.9	1050	90		
340	37	2.7	1110	96		
350	39	2.6	1170	102		
360	43	2.3	1290	113		
370	44	2.3	1320	116		
380	46	2.2	1380	122		
390	48	2.1	1440	128		
400	48	2.1	1440	128		
410	49	2.0	1470	131		
420	50	2.0	1500	134		

DCPT 5

Bearing Capacity in KN/m²

Depth (cm)	Bearing Capacity (KN/m ²)
0	0
10	270
20	360
30	450
40	270
50	210
60	120
70	90
80	90
90	120
100	180
110	240
120	330
130	390
140	420
150	270
160	270
170	330
180	360
190	420
200	420
210	420
220	450
230	510
240	570
250	630
260	720
270	780
280	870
290	900
300	960
310	960
320	990
330	1050
340	1110
350	1170
360	1290
370	1320
380	1380
390	1440
400	1440
410	1470
420	1500

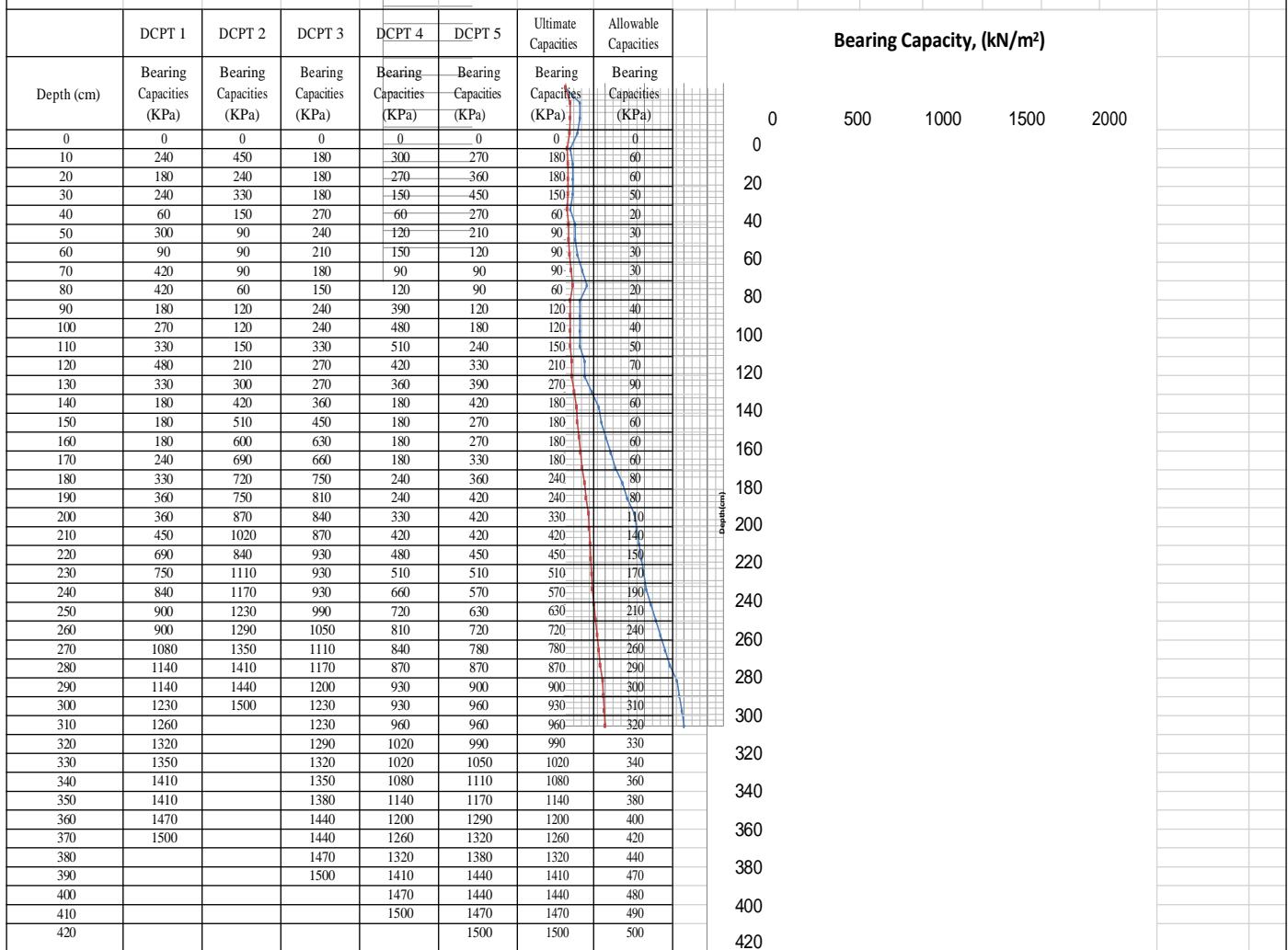
Correlation Between DCP and CBR

Log (CBR) = 2.465 - 1.12Log (DPI)

simplified:	CBR =	292
		DPI ^{1.12}

A PROVED BY:

Project Title:	PROPOSED 5-STOREYSCHOOL BUILDING	Date:	26/03/2022
Project Location:	ADWEMADOR		
Client:	ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH		
Architect:			
Site ID:			FOS: 3



Note:

* The ultimate bearing capacities indicated, are the minimum measured bearing capacities at any given depth.

** A minimum factor of safety (FOS) of 3.0 should be applied accordingly;

i.e the ultimate bearing capacities is divided by the FOS to give the allowable bearing capacities values

*** Final FOS to be used is to be determined by the design engineer

APPROVED BY: _____



geo-materiaux
engineering ltd

SOIL TEST SUMMARY RESULTS

GEO-MATERIAUX ENGINEERING LIMITED (GMEL LAB)

CLIENT: ANSAH AGYEMANG BARIMAH & RITA AGYEMANG BARIMAH

PROJECT: PROPOSED 5-STOREY SCHOOL PROJECT

DATE : 29 / 03 /2022

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SOURCE	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (m)	SIEVE ANALYSIS			ATTERBERG LIMITS			MOISTURE CONTENT	
				PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT RETAIN ON BS SIEVE			LL %	PL %	PI %		
				GRAVEL %	SAND %	SILT / CLAY %					
TRIAL PIT 3	1ST LAYER	Light reddish brown silty sandy gravel, mixed with broken concrete and household waste	0.0-0.5	50.7	32.1	17.2	-	-	-	-	
	2ND LAYER	Dark greyish brown silty CLAY	0.5-3.2	8.6	28.3	63.1	47.2	32.6	14.6	15.8	
	3RD LAYER	Light reddish brown silty sandy clay lateritic gravel	3.2-3.6	44.2	29.7	26.1	34.4	25.2	9.2	32.1	

RANSFORD TETTEH
LABORATORY TECHNICIAN

WIREDU KWABENA ERIC
LABORATORY MANAGER / ENGINEER

geo-materiaux engineering
limited
laboratory manager